



Solid-Core On/Off Current Switch, Fixed Trip Point SPECIFICATIONS









HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E in the USA, or applicable local codes.
- This equipment must only be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel.
- Read, understand and follow the instructions before installing this product.
- Turn off all power supplying equipment before working on or inside the equipment.
- Use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off. DO NOT DEPEND ON THIS PRODUCT FOR VOLTAGE INDICATION
- Only install this product on insulated conductors.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of this electrical equipment and the installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved. NEC2009 Article 100

No responsibility is assumed by Veris Industries for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

NOTICE

- This product is not intended for life or safety applications.
- Do not install this product in hazardous or classified locations.
- The installer is responsible for conformance to all applicable codes
- Mount this product inside a suitable fire and electrical enclosure.

Sensor Power	Induced from monitored conductor
Amperage Range	0.25 to 200 A Continuous
Status Output Ratings	N.O. 1.0 A@30 VAC/DC, not polarity sensitive
Insulation Class	600 VAC RMS (UL); 300 VAC (CE), insulated conductors only
Setpoint	Fixed at 0.25 A max.
Frequency	50/60 Hz
Temperature Range	-15° to 60°C (5° to 140°F)
Humidity Range	10-90% RH non-condensing
Off State Resistance	Open switch represents 1+ MΩ
On State Resistance	Closed switch represents <200 mΩ
Terminal Block Wire Size	0.2 to 2.1 mm2(24 to14 AWG)
Terminal Block Torque	0.4 to 0.5 N-m(3.5 to 4.4 in-lb)
Agency Approvals	UL508 E150462, CE:EN61010-1:2001
Installation Category	Cat. III, pollution degree 2
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For CE compliance, conductor shall be insulated according to IEC 61010-1:2010. The product design provides for basic insulation only.

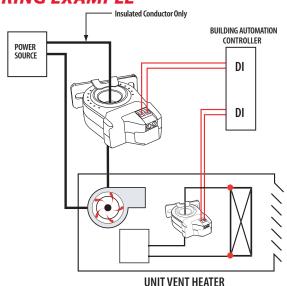
INSTALLATION



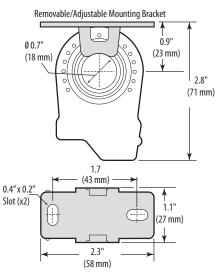
Disconnect and lock out power to the enclosure containing the conductor to be monitored.

- 1. Locate a mounting surface for the removable mounting bracket that will allow the monitored conductor to pass through the center window when it is installed and that will keep the device at least $\frac{1}{2}$ " (13 mm) from any uninsulated conductors. Determine cable routing for the controller connection, allowing wiring to reach the mounting location.
- 2. Drill holes to mount the bracket to the chosen surface using the included screws.
- 3. Wire the output connections and relay between the sensor and the controller (solid-state contact).
- 4. Route the conductor through the sensor's center window and slip the assembly into the mounting bracket.
- 5. Secure enclosure and reconnect power.

WIRING EXAMPLE



DIMENSIONS





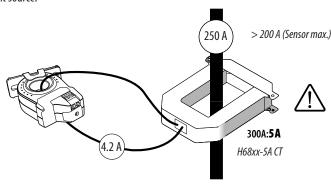
PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The H800 is a current-sensitive switching device that monitors current (amperage) in the conductor passing through it. A change in amperage in the monitored conducter that crosses the switch threshold will cause the resistance of the status output to change state, similar to the action of a mechanical switch. The threshold is fixed at 0.2 A or less. The status output is suitable for connection to building controllers or other appropriate data acquisition equipment operating at up to 30 volts. The H800 requires no external power supply to generate its output.

NOTES

For load currents greater than sensor maximum rating:

Use a 5 Amp (H68xx series) Current Transformer (CT) as shown. This technique can be combined with wrapping (see below) to add range for a low current load on a high current source.





DANGER: 5A CTs can present hazardous voltages.
Install CTs in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
Terminate the CT secondary before applying current.

CAUTION

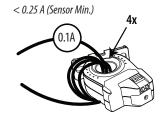
RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

- Derate the product's maximum current for the number of turns through the sensing window using the following formula.
 Rated Max. Amps ÷ Number of Turns = Max. monitored Amps e.g.: 100A ÷ 4 Turns = 25 Amps max. in monitored conductor
- Failure to follow these instructions can result in overheating and permanent equipment damage.

For load currents less than sensor minimum rating:

Wrap the monitored conductor through the center window and around the sensor body to produce multiple turns. This increases the current measured by the transducer.

Program the controller to account for the extra turns, e.g., if four turns pass through the sensor (as shown), then divide the normal controller reading by 4.



TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Solution
No Reading at Controller	Check for control voltage at sensor (<30 V) Check for amperage in monitored conductor (>0.25 A)